Hydraulic tools: Introduction to Iber 2D

HYDROEUROPE

Erasmus+ Programme Cooperation Partnerships 2022-1-FR01-KA220-HED-000089658 **HydroEurope**

WP2: Uncertainty in Advanced Hydrological and Hydraulic Modelling WP3: Climate Change Impacts on Flash Floods

Case of study La Tordera catchment

Author: Marcos Sanz Ramos Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya, Barcelona email: <u>marcos.sanz-ramos@upc.edu</u>



Iber is a two-dimensional software for simulation of:

- Free surface flow (hydrodynamics)
- Morphodynamics and sediment transport processes
- Water quality processes











WARSAW UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



Brandenburgische Technische Universität Cottbus - Senftenberg



UNIV

CÔTE D'AZUR

Currently, Iber has three computational modules:



What's lber?



UNIVERSITAT POLITÉCNICA DE CATALUNYA BARCELONATECH



WARSAW UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



Brandenburgische Technische Universität Cottbus - Senftenberg



UNIVERSITÉ

CÔTE D'AZUR

Iber was developed by the Water and Environmental Engineering Group, <u>GEAMA</u> (University of A Coruña) and the <u>FLUMEN Institute</u> (Polytechnic University of Catalonia, UPC, and International Centre for Numerical Methods in Engineering, CIMNE).

Iber was initially sponsored by the Centre for Hydrographic Studies (CEDEX) within the framework of a Cooperation Agreement between CEDEX and the Dirección General del Agua (Spanish Water Resources Management Department).





UNIVERSITAT POLITÉCNICA DE CATALUNYA BARCELONATECH



WARSAW UNIVERSITY

to Brandenburgische Technische Universität Cottbus - Senftenberg



COTE D'AZUR

Iber model is based on GiD interface, a software of pre- and postprocess that help's Iber to prepare the whole model, launch the simulation, show the results and is compatible with GIS.



Iber can be downloaded for free from (Windows OS):

www.iberaula.com

In this website there is more information about the software, publications, papers, forums, training activities, etc.

Newcastle

Iniversity

ische Universitä













Iber is:

Hydrodynamic mathematical model based on the 2D Saint Venant equations

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial q_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial q_y}{\partial y} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial q_x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{q_x^2}{h} + g \frac{h^2}{2} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{q_x q_y}{h} \right) = -gh \frac{\partial z_b}{\partial x} - \frac{\tau_{bx}}{\rho} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(h \overline{u_x' u_x'} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(h \overline{u_x' u_y'} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial q}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{q}{h} \frac{q}{y} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{q^2}{h} + g \frac{h^2}{2} \right) = -gh \frac{\partial z_b}{\partial y} - \frac{\tau_{by}}{\rho} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(h \overline{u_x' u_y'} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(h \overline{u_y' u_y'} \right)$$

- Based on explicit finite volume schemes on structured and unstructured meshes
- Conservative wetting and drying algorithm
- Verified and validated with analytical solutions, other models, laboratory tests and field measurements
- Iber has:
 - A user-friendly interface for pre- and post-processing
 - The capability to create a model in few steps

UNIVERSITEIT

- A powerful mesh generator
- **GIS, CAD** and more **integration modules** (view, import and export results)

WARSAW UNIVERSITY

Newcastle

University

echnische Universität







Each model need some conditions or properties in order to solve Saint Venant equations.

In Iber it's necessary to define:

geometry

- + roughness
- + initial conditions
- + boundary conditions
- Solving the equations in each element and each time step, we obtain the evolution of the water depth and water velocity (X and Y direction).















of lber

- The model can be used for:
 - Flood inundation modelling
 - Dam break modelling
 - Hydraulic calculation of encroachments
 - Calculation of tidal currents in estuaries
 - Consideration of hazard for flooding studies
 - Turbulence modelling in shallow free surface flows









WARSAW UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY







CÔTE D'AZUR



The model can be used for:

- Stability of bed sediments
- Erosion and sedimentation due to transport of non-cohesive sediments
- Simulation flows through hydraulic structures (bridges, weirs, gates, culverts, lids, etc.)
- Wind surface stress considerations hydrodynamics
- Water Quality calculations
- Hydrological processes simulation



















chnische Universität







- Go to <u>www.iberaula.com</u>
- Just do the registration process ("Register") or "Login" if you has already done it



In Iber model >> Download, you can find the models and the manuals

NOTE: Iber can be used in Windows OS (32 and 64 bits)

















 After the installation process, it is necessary to configure the graphical properties



If you are not sure about your GPU capabilities, you can change it by Start >> Programs >> Iber >> Iber safe mode

WARSAW UNIVERSITY

OF TECHNOLOGY

Mewcastle

University

randenburgische

Technische Universität











The setup process is easy and fast.

If the visualization of the elements is similar than shown in the left image, it is necessary to change the configuration of the graphics (Start >> Programs >> Iber >> Iber safe mode).



Mesh view in wrong visualization mode



Mesh view in correct visualization mode

NOTE: the visualization mode is not used for the calculation, it is only the representation of the spatial discretisation















The interface of Iber is adapted between pre- and post-process.

- In the pre-process:
 - It is possible to create the geometry or the mesh, manually or automatically
 - Define all hydraulic conditions (boundary, internal, mesh criteria, roughness definition, activation and definition of different modules, etc.)
 - Define the problem data
 - The are different menus:
 - 3 toolbars
 - Geometric/mesh menu
 - Data menu
 - Iber tools menu



















The interface of lber is adapted between pre- and post-process.

- In the post-process:
 - View the results (maps, graphs, animations, etc.)
 - Import and export results (graphs, values, raster, etc.)
 - The are different menus:
 - 5 toolbars (one of them is defined for lber analysis)
 - Do cuts menu (hydrographs, etc.)
 - Options and View results menu
 - Windows menu

NOTE: it is not necessary to wait for the end of the simulation to see the results calculated from the beginning.











Brandenburgische Technische Universität Cottbus - Senftenberg





The methodology to create a model, launch the simulation and view the results is:





UNIVERSITAT POLITÉCNICA DE CATALUNYA BARCELONATECH



WARSAW UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

D-CI

Brandenburgische Technische Universität Cottbus - Senftenberg



neart 1



Select Results to Export

Result Velocity

Instant 10

CellSize 5

Accept Close

7.4454 6.6181 5.7908 4.9636 4.1363 3.309 2.4818 1.6545 0.82720

Depth

x_Velocity

y_Velocity

Water_Elevation

elocity 2.3201 2.0624 1.8046 1.5468 1.289 1.0312 0.77338 0.51559 0.25779 0

×=2.754



More about Iber model in:

Official website <u>www.iberaula.es</u>

- Capabilities of the current version and new developments
- Publications (papers, reviews, etc.)
- Projects simulated in Iber
- Training (classroom and online courses)
- Forum (place where other users ask and answer doubts of lber model)
- Group of LinkedIn
- YouTube Channel















